WEEK 1	OBJECTIVES	NON-STATUTORY GUIDANCE AND SUPPORT FOR LEARNING
Fractions & Decimals	 Make a whole with tenths 	Pupils should connect hundredths to tenths and place value to decimal measure.
	 Make a whole with hundredths 	Pupils learn decimal notation and the language associated with it, including in the context of
	 Partition decimals 	measurements. They make comparisons and order decimal amounts and quantities that are expressed
	 Flexibly partition decimals 	to the same number of decimal places. They should be able to represent numbers with one or two
	Compare decimals	decimal places in several ways, such as on own number lines.
		NRICH: Fractions in a Box **
		NRICH: Chocolate **
		Real life links:
		Money, e.g. sales, shopping,
		Recipes
		Link to other curriculum areas

WEEK 2	OBJECTIVES	NON-STATUTORY GUIDANCE AND SUPPORT FOR LEARNING
Decimals	Order decimals	Pupils should connect hundredths to tenths and place value to decimal measure.
	 Round to the nearest whole number 	Pupils learn decimal notation and the language associated with it, including in the context of measurements. They make comparisons and order
	 Halves and quarters as decimals 	decimal amounts and quantities that are expressed to the same number of decimal places. They should
	Write money using decimals	be able to represent numbers with one or two decimal places in several ways, such as on own
	 Convert between pounds and pence 	number lines.
	pence	NRICH: <u>Fractions in a Box</u> **
		NRICH: Chocolate **
		Real life links:
		Money, e.g. sales, shopping,
		Recipes
		Link to other curriculum area

WEEK 3	OBJECTIVES	NON-STATUTORY GUIDANCE AND SUPPORT FOR LEARNING
Number	 Compare amounts of money 	Pupils practise and become fluent in the formal written method of short multiplication and short
Multiplication and Division	 Estimate with money 	division. Pupils solve two-step problems in contexts, choosing
	Calculate with money	the appropriate operation, working with increasingly harder numbers. This should include correspondence
	 Solve problems with money 	questions such as the numbers of choices of a meal on a menu, or three cakes shared equally between 10 children.
		NRICH: <u>Multiplication Square Jigsaw</u> * NRICH: <u>Shape Times Shape</u> *
		NRICH: <u>Table Patterns Go Wild!</u> **
		NRICH: Let's Divide Up! *
		NRICH: That Number Square! *
		NRICH: <u>Carrying Cards</u> *
		NRICH: Light the Lights Again *
		NRICH: <u>Multiples Grid</u> *
		NRICH: <u>Zios and Zepts</u> *
		NRICH: <u>Trebling</u> *
		NRICH: <u>All the Digits</u> **
		Mathematical Challenges for the more Able:
		Footsteps in the snow - 19
		Stickers - 42
		Lighthouses - 51

WEEK 4	OBJECTIVES	NON-STATUTORY GUIDANCE AND SUPPORT FOR LEARNING
Time	 Years, months, weeks and days 	Pupils will understand years, months, weeks and days. use both analogue and digital 12-hour clocks and
	 Hours, minutes and seconds 	record their times. In this way they become fluent

TERM: Summer 1

YEAR: 4

WEEK 4	OBJECTIVES	NON-STATUTORY GUIDANCE AND SUPPORT FOR LEARNING
	 Convert between analogue and digital times Convert to the 24 hour clock 	in and prepared for using digital 24-hour clocks in year 5. NRICH: <u>Two Clocks</u> ** NRICH: <u>Clocks</u> * NRICH: <u>The Time Is</u> ** NRICH: <u>How Many Times?</u> * NRICH: <u>5 on the Clock</u> ***
		NRICH: <u>Wonky Watches</u> ** NRICH: <u>Watch the Clock</u> ***

WEEK 5	OBJECTIVES	NON-STATUTORY GUIDANCE AND SUPPORT FOR LEARNING
Time	Convert from the 24 hour clock	Pupils use both analogue and digital 12-hour clocks and record their times. In this way they become
Geometry	 Understand angles as turns 	fluent in and prepared for using digital 24-hour clocks in year 4.
	 Identify angles 	
Angles		NRICH: Two Clocks **
	 Compare and order angles 	NRICH: <u>Clocks</u> *
		NRICH: <u>The Time Is</u> **
		NRICH: <u>How Many Times?</u> *
		NRICH: <u>5 on the Clock</u> ***
		NRICH: Wonky Watches **
		NRICH: Watch the Clock ***
		Pupils compare and order angles in preparation for using a protractor and compare lengths and angles to decide if a polygon is regular or irregular.
		decide if a polygon is regular or irregular.
		NRICH: Nine-pin Triangles ***
		NRICH: Cut it Out ***
		Mathematical Challenges for the more Able: Straw squares - 47
		3

TERM: Summer 1

YEAR: 4

WEEK 5	OBJECTIVES	NON-STATUTORY GUIDANCE AND SUPPORT FOR LEARNING
		Real life links: Shapes in the real world, e.g nature, architecture

WEEK 6	OBJECTIVES	NON-STATUTORY GUIDANCE AND SUPPORT FOR LEARNING
Geometry	 Triangles 	Pupils continue to classify shapes using geometrical properties, extending to classifying different
Shape	 Quadrilaterals 	triangles (for example, isosceles, equilateral, scalene) and quadrilaterals (for example,
	 Polygons 	parallelogram, rhombus, trapezium). Pupils compare and order angles in preparation for
	 Lines of symmetry 	using a protractor and compare lengths and angles to decide if a polygon is regular or irregular.
		NRICH: <u>Nine-pin Triangles</u> *** NRICH: <u>Cut it Out</u> ***
		Mathematical Challenges for the more Able: Straw squares - 47
		Real life links: Shapes in the real world, e.g nature, architecture
		Pupils draw symmetric patterns using a variety of media to become familiar with different orientations of lines of symmetry; and recognise line symmetry does not dissect the original shape.