### Medium Term Plan

### Reception 2023-24

• To begin to write short sentences in meaningful

contexts.

# Spring Term 2024

## Miss Powell & Miss Popova

#### Skills:

Literacy	Maths	Understanding the World
<ul> <li>To be able to recognise rhythm.</li> <li>To be able to continue a rhyming string.</li> <li>To be able to hear and say the phonemes in words.</li> <li>To be able to segment and blend phonemes orally.</li> <li>To be able to link phonemes to letters.</li> <li>To recognise Phases 2 and 3 sounds of the Little Wandle letter progression.</li> <li>To be able to blend VC and CVC words for reading.</li> <li>To be able to segment VC and CVC words (using phonemes from Phases 2 and 3 of Little Wandle) for spelling.</li> <li>To know the Tricky and High Frequency Words from Phases 2 and 3 from Little Wandle.</li> <li>To be able to read simple words and sentences.</li> <li>To be able to make predictions in stories.</li> <li>To know that print carries meaning and that in English print is read from left to right and top to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number: <ul> <li>To be able to count 10 and then 20 everyday objects.</li> <li>To be able to count to 20 and back (then beyond 20).</li> <li>To use number names accurately in play.</li> <li>To know that numbers identify objects in a set.</li> <li>To be able to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures.</li> <li>To match numbers to a group of objects.</li> <li>To be able to say when two groups of objects have the same number.</li> <li>To know that actions and objects can be counted e.g. claps, jumps, steps.</li> <li>To be able to recognise numerals 1-20.</li> <li>To have a strategy to count an irregular arrangement of objects e.g. by lining them up, moving them as they count.</li> <li>To be able to use the language of more and fewer</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To talk about why things happen and how things work.</li> <li>To know about different cultures, beliefs and celebrations relevant to the children.</li> <li>To understand similarities and differences between themselves and others.</li> <li>To be able to look closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change.</li> <li>To know how to care for living things and the environment.</li> <li>To be able to make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur.</li> <li>To comment on images of familiar situations in the past.</li> <li>To compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.</li> <li>To understand the effect of changing seasons in the natural world.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>bottom.</li> <li>To know that speech is broken into separate words.</li> <li>To be able to write their own name independently.</li> <li>To be able to write labels and captions.</li> <li>To be able to use the correct letter formation to communicate meaning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to use the language of more and fewer to compare two sets of objects.</li> <li>To find the total number of objects in two groups by counting all of them.</li> <li>To know the number that is one more than a given number.</li> <li>To be able to find one more or one less from a group of up to five then ten objects.</li> <li>In practical activities, to be able to use the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expressive Arts and Design</li> <li>To be able to use their imagination during play, to include copying real life experiences.</li> <li>To be able to create simple representations of things.</li> <li>To be able to dance and move to express feelings and ideas.</li> <li>To be able to use a narrative in their play with</li> </ul>

vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting.

To begin to use everyday language related to

groups of objects and subtraction to taking away.

To record using marks that they can interpret and

• To begin to relate addition by combining two

explain.

money.

- To be able to use a narrative in their play with other children.
- To be able to sing familiar songs and rhymes and make up their own songs.
- To be able to clap rhythms and use simple percussion instruments.
- To choose colours and materials to make pictures and models.

- To begin to identify own mathematical problems.
- To subitise.

#### Numerical patterns:

- To be able to talk about shapes or arrangements in their constructions.
- To be able to use shapes appropriately for tasks e.g. using the correct bricks or using the correct shapes for facial features.
- To be able to talk about the shapes of everyday objects using words such as round and tall.
- To be able to use mathematical terms to describe shapes.
- Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills.
- To be able to select a named shape.
- To compose and decompose shapes so that children can recognise that shapes have other shapes within it.
- To be able to describe their relative position, such as behind or next to.
- To be able to order two items by weight or capacity, using appropriate language.
- To be able to order two or three items by length or height, using appropriate language.
- To be able to use familiar objects and common shapes to create and re-create patterns and build models.
- To order and sequence familiar events.
- To be able to measure short periods of time with a non-standard unit.
- To use everyday language related to time.
- To be able to sort objects and talk about the sorting.

- To be able to manipulate materials to achieve a planned effect.
- To be able to construct with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources.
- To be able to use a variety of simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately.
- To explore colours and how they can be changed by mixing powder paints.